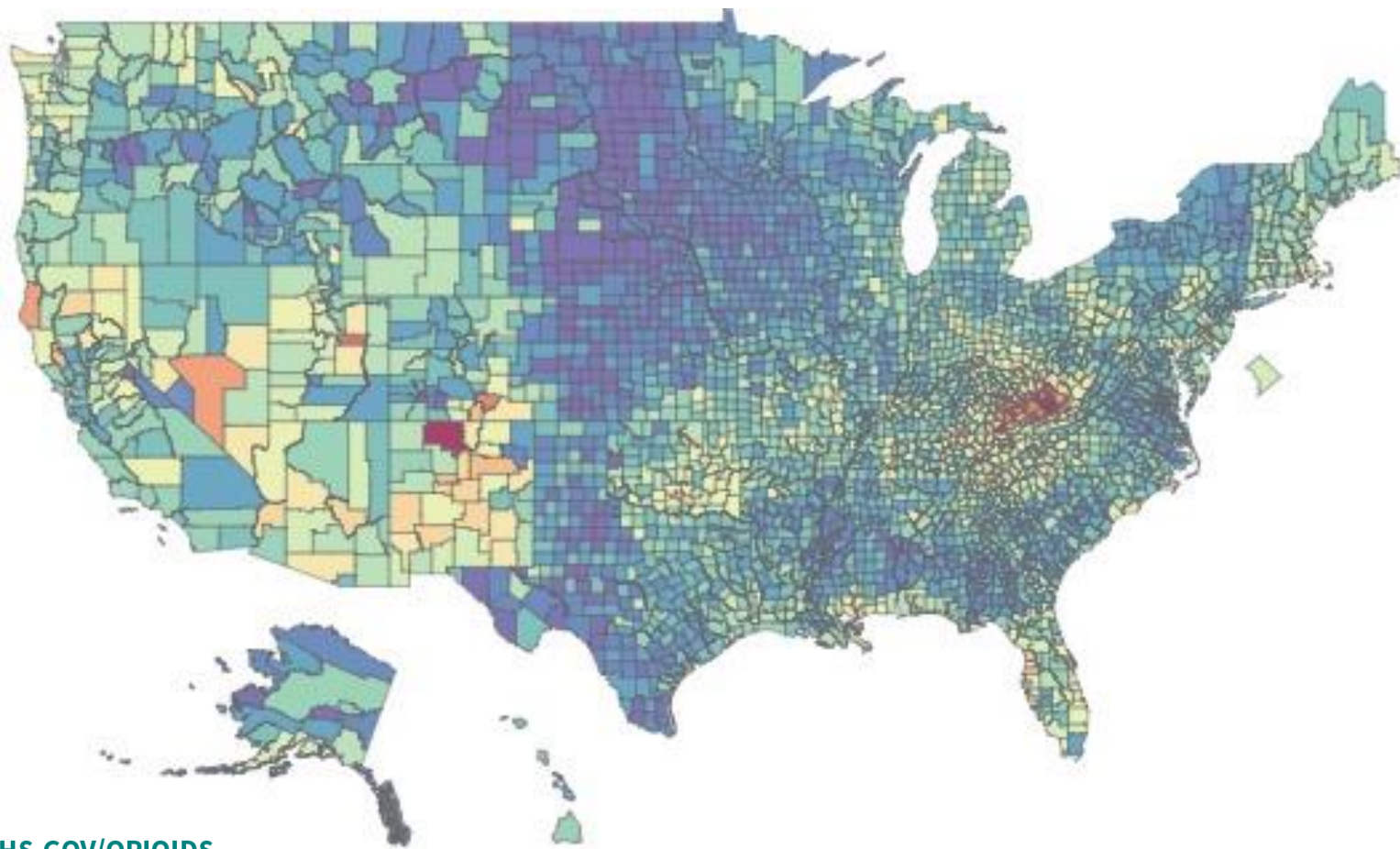


COMBATING THE OPIOIDS CRISIS

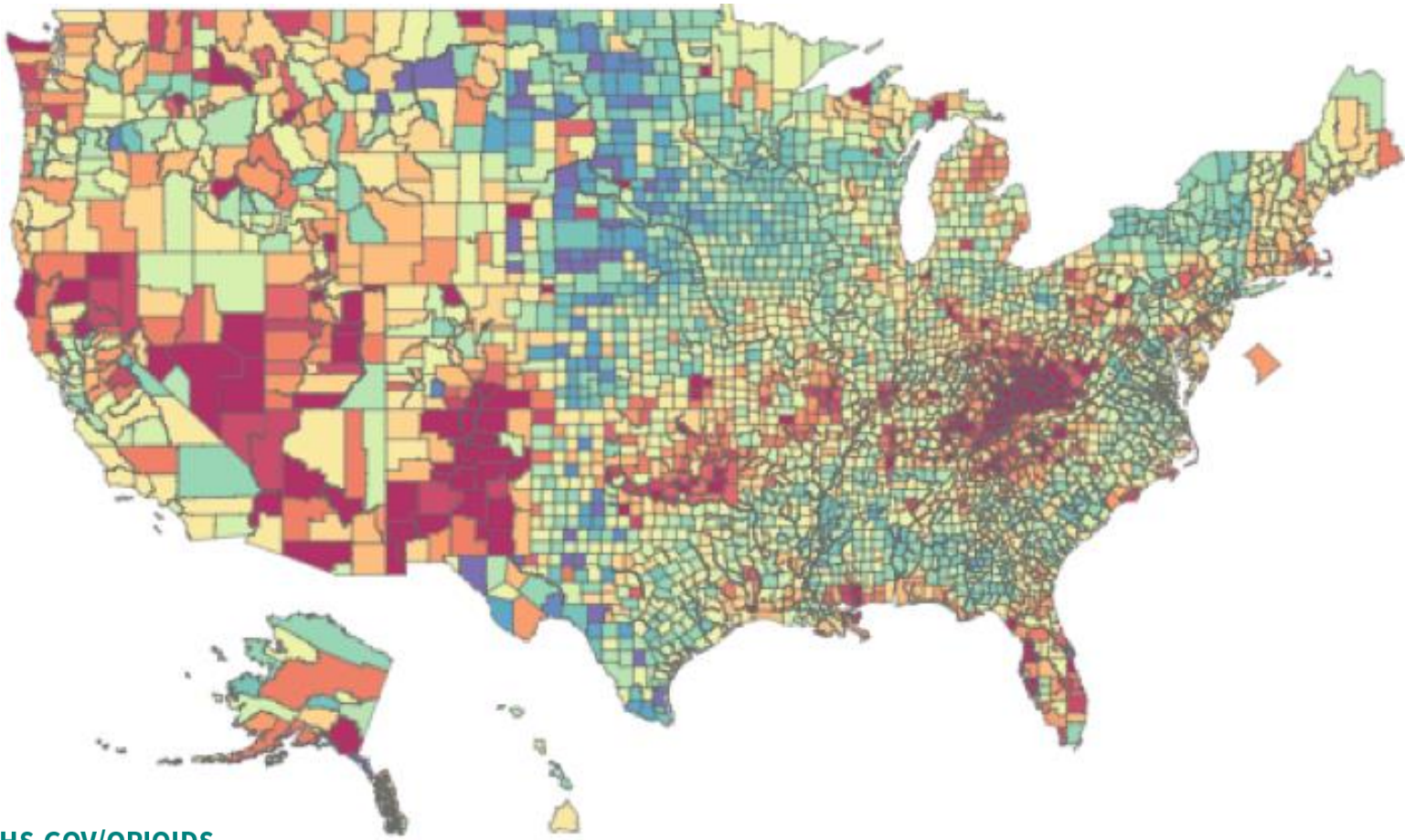
Deaths in 2006

Estimated age-adjusted
death rates for drug poisoning



Deaths in 2016

Estimated age-adjusted
death rates for drug poisoning



Drug overdose deaths

2016 OPIOID DEATHS

Florida	4,728
California	4,654
Pennsylvania	4,627
Ohio	4,329
New York	3,638
Texas	2,831
Illinois	2,411
Michigan	2,347
Massachusetts	2,227
New Jersey	2,056
Indiana	1,526
Wisconsin	1,074
Minnesota	672

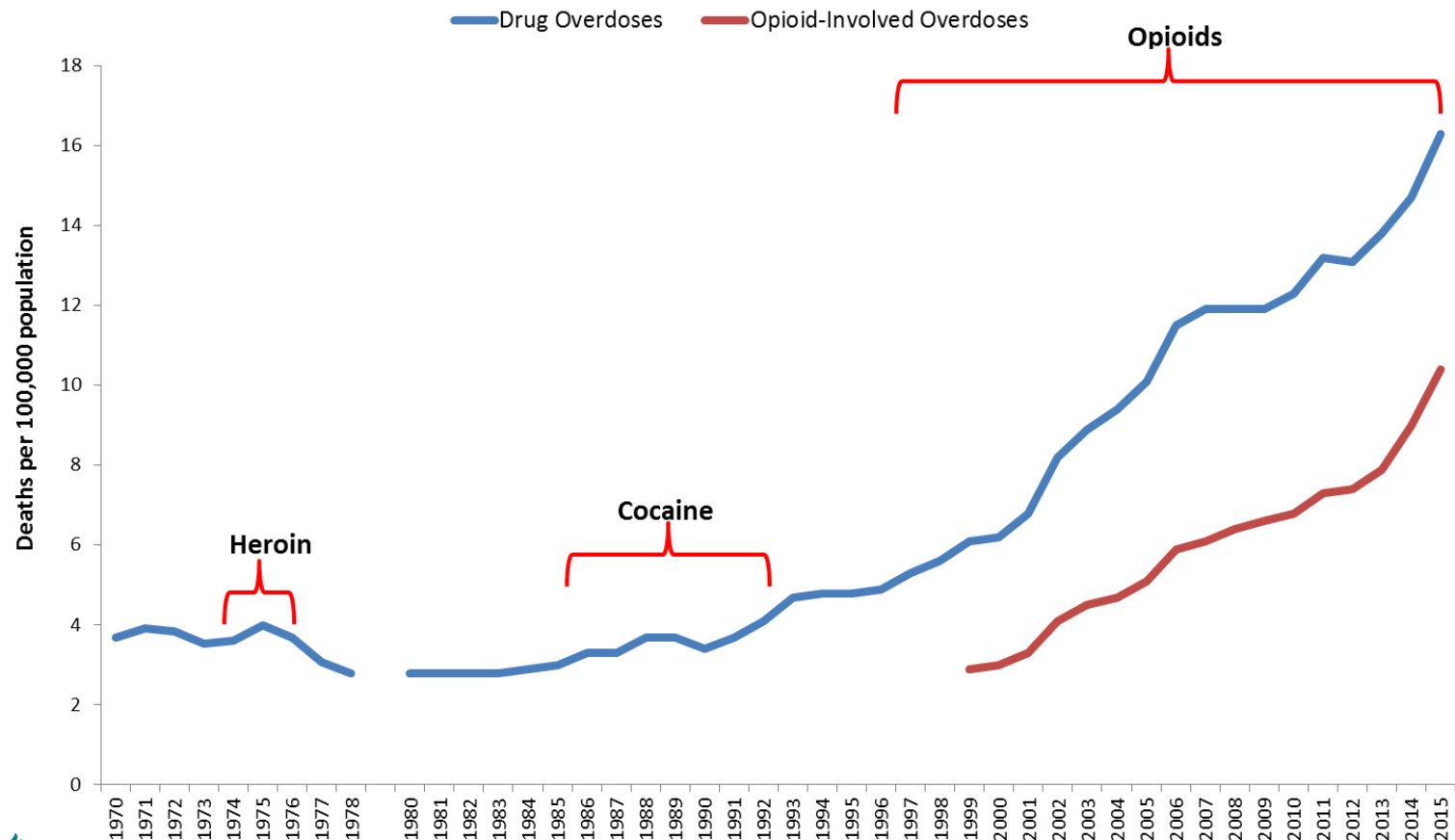
How we got here

Overprescribing and rising supply

- **Lack of education** on pain and addiction treatment
- **Denial** about the addictive potential of opioids
- “**Pain** as a fifth vital sign”
- **Reimbursement** and quality assessment based on satisfaction with pain treatment
- **Large increases** in the trafficking and availability of heroin and illicitly made fentanyl and other synthetic opioids in recent years
- **Lack of access** to evidence-based treatment.
- **Low cost of legal opioids** and their widespread availability

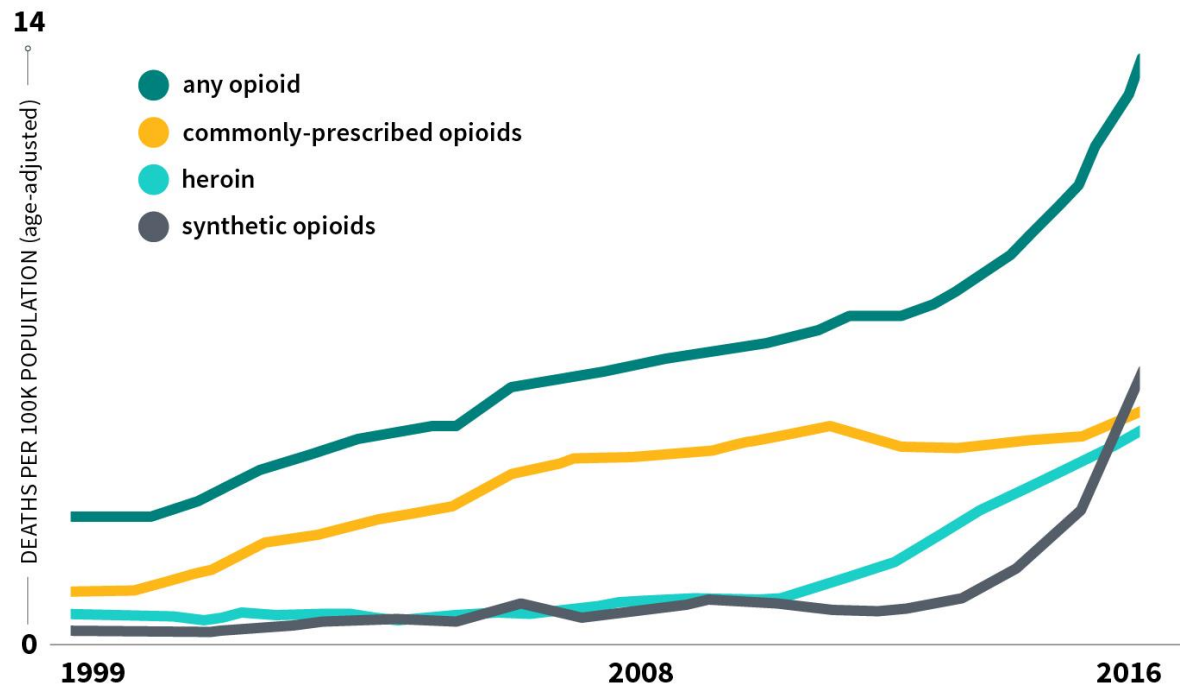
The crisis in context

Drug overdose deaths from 1970–2015



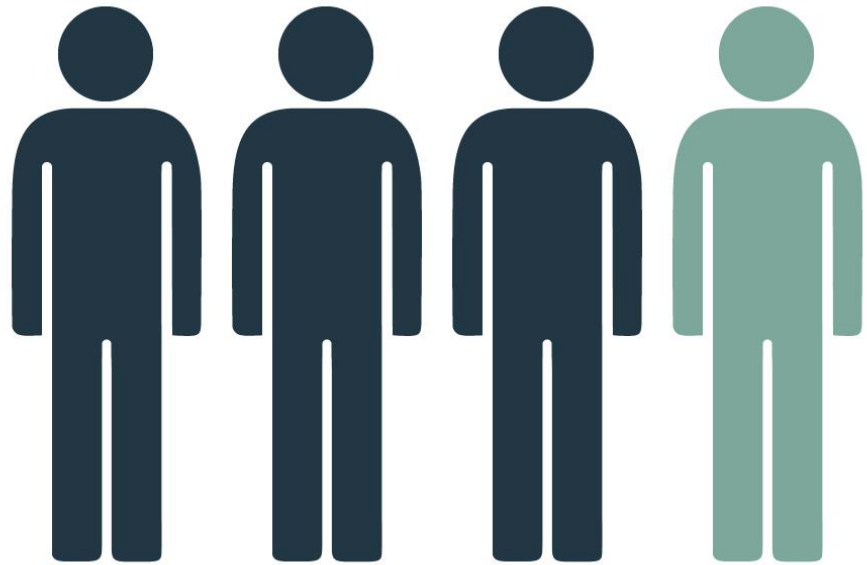
The crisis in context

Opioid overdose deaths
at historically high levels



Risk factors for misuse

3 out of 4 people who used
heroin in the past year misused
prescription opioids first



Complete strategy

HHS Five-point strategy to combat the opioids crisis



Better addiction prevention, treatment, and recovery services



Better data



Better pain management



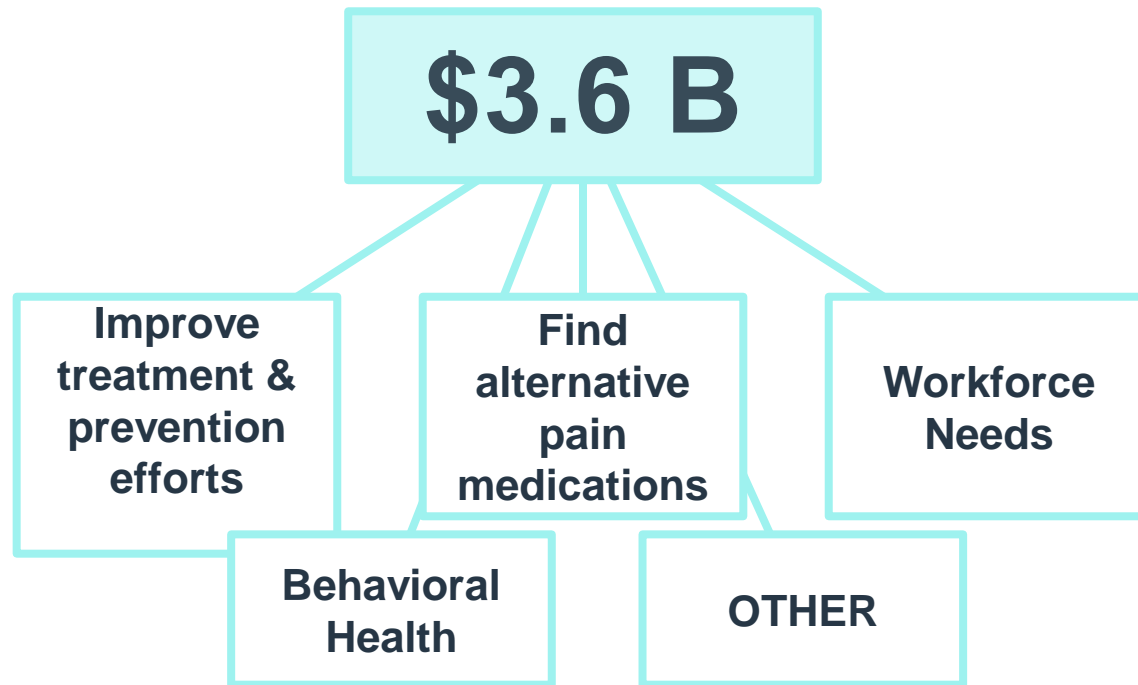
Better targeting of overdose reversing drugs



Better research

FY2018

Estimated HHS opioid-related
funding for 2018 & beyond



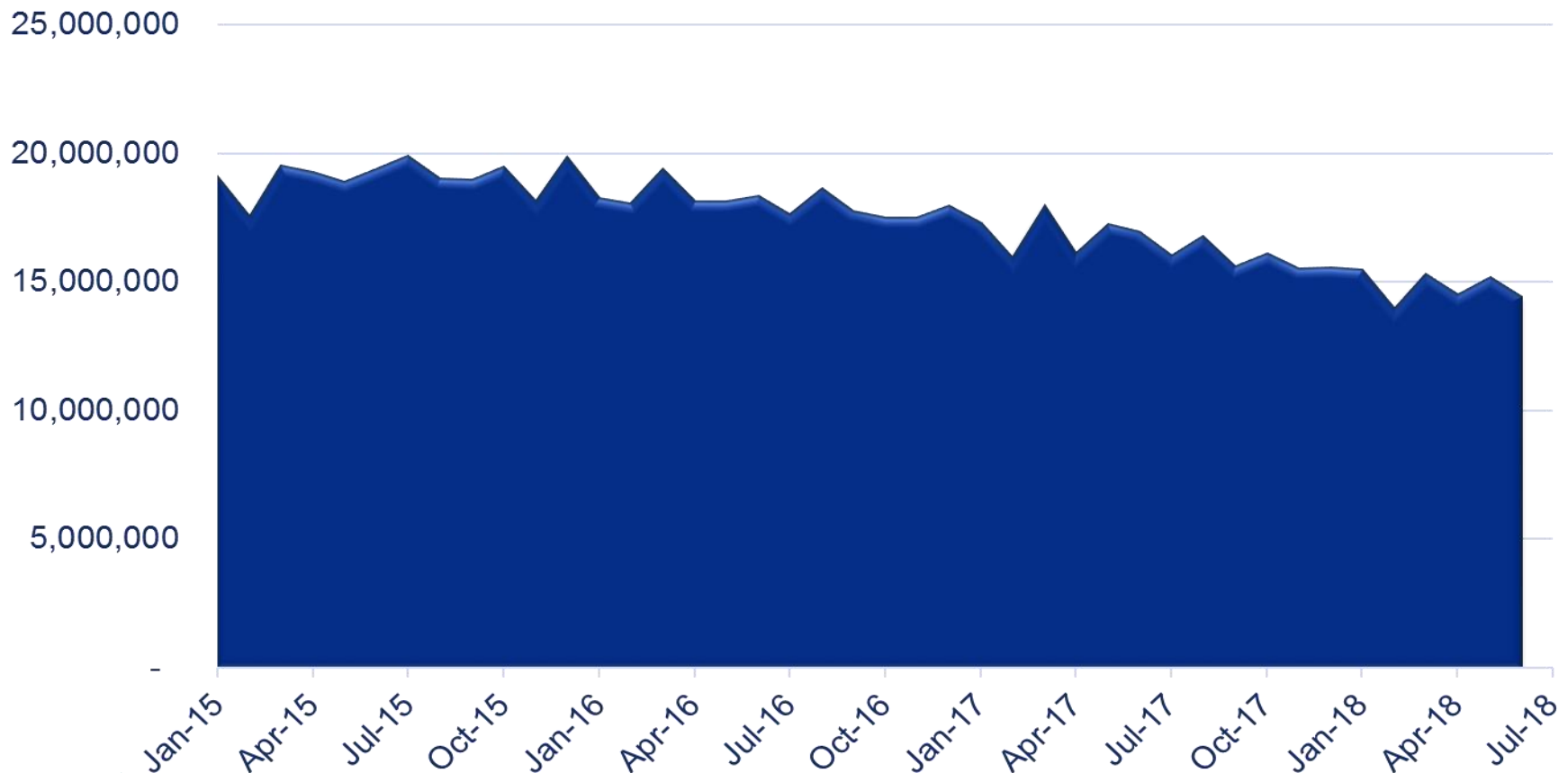
President's FY2019 Proposed Budget: \$10B in total HHS opioids funding

- \$150M Reducing Injection Drug Use, HIV/AIDS, and Hepatitis C
- \$1B State Targeted Response Grants
- \$150M Rural Health Addressing Substance Abuse and OUD
- \$544M Community Health Centers
- \$300M CDC Surveillance Including Infectious Diseases
- \$860M Pain and OUD Research including Regulatory Science

Numerous new programs, regulations, guidance from HHS to combat the opioid epidemic and improve patient outcomes holistically.

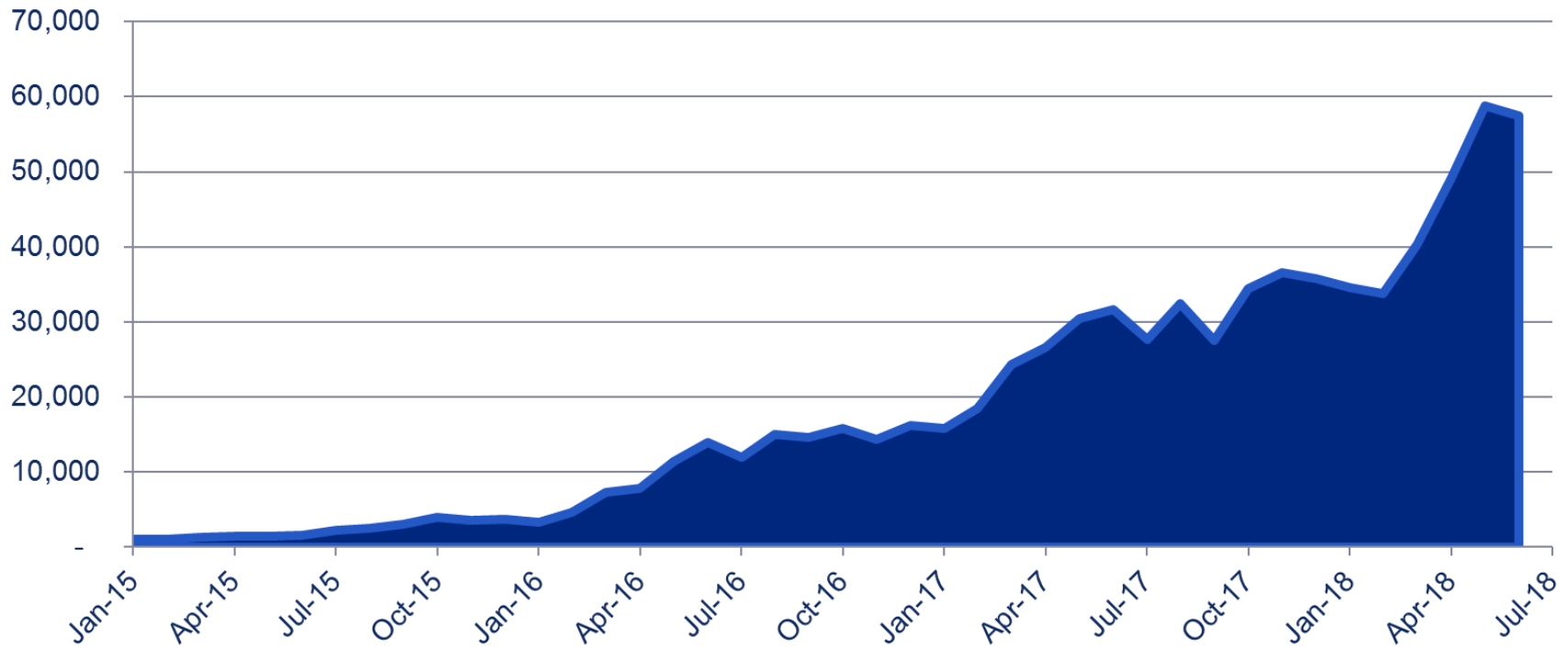
Progress

Decreasing opioid prescribing, monthly down 24%



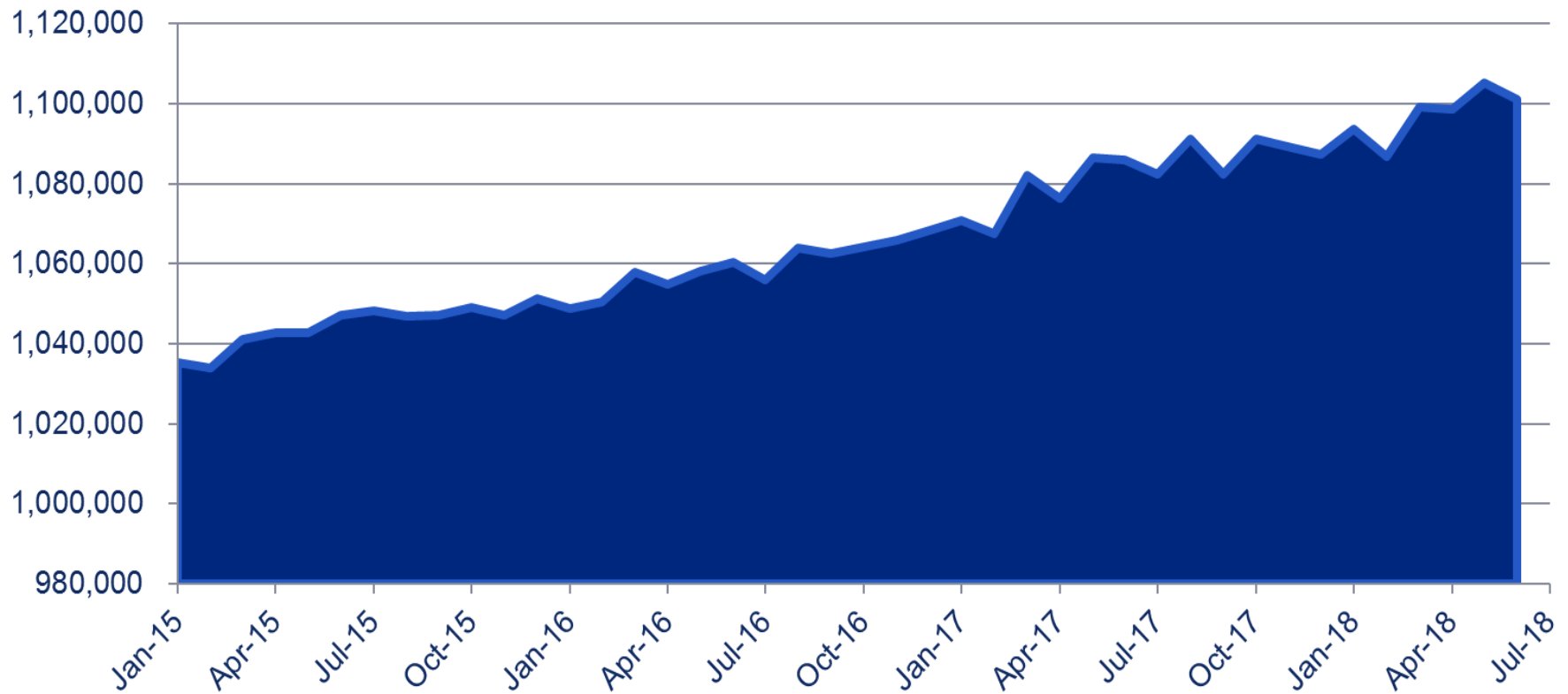
Progress

Increasing naloxone dispensing, monthly up 5400%



Progress

Increasing Buprenorphine & Naltrexone prescriptions, monthly up 145%



Evidence Based Interventions

- Targeted Naloxone Distribution
- Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT), including initiation of MAT in Emergency Departments
- “Detailing” to Prescribers and Pharmacists
- 911 Good Samaritan Laws
- Testing for Fentanyl in Routine Toxicology Testing
- Focus on Criminal Justice Settings: Naloxone and MAT
- Syringe Services Programs

Signs of Progress

- Youth prescription opioid misuse declining over past decade; heroin use stable among youth
- Prescription opioid misuse initiation declining
- Plateauing of overdose deaths involving commonly prescribed opioids
- Some states seeing a leveling off of overdose deaths

Thank you

NATIONAL **HELP**  **LINE**

800-662-HELP (4357)



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