From the Source to the Street

Michigan Law Enforcement & Prosecution Strategies: Combating Upper Tier Drug Trafficking



Detroit Wayne Mental Health Authority



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What's a HIDTA?

High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area

A COALITION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND TRIBAL LE AGENCIES:

- From a specific geographic area
- Joined together to receive federal grant funds
- To facilitate specific drug control issues

The HIDTA Mission

Disrupt/Dismantle, Improve Efficiency/Effectiveness

TO ASSIST LAW ENFORCEMENT *DISRUPT* AND *DISMANTLE* DTOS AND MLOS:

- Disrupt: The operation of the organization is impeded, as indicated by changes in leadership, methods, financing, transportation or distribution.
- Dismantle: The leadership, financial base and supply network are destroyed and incapable of operating and/or reconstituting itself.

TO IMPROVE THE EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS OF LE INVESTIGATIONS:

- REDUCE the duplication of law enforcement effort
- LEVERAGE existing resources
- INCREASE prosecutions and seizures

Executive Board Composition

Federal, State, and Local Representation

FEDERAL

U.S. Attorney

FBI

DEA

HSI/ICE

U.S. Marshal

IRS

TSA

ATF

STATE AND LOCAL

Michigan State Police

Detroit Police Department

Prosecutor's Representative

Eastern Sheriff's Representative – 2

Western Sheriff's Representative

Eastern Chief's Representative

Western Chief's Representative

EX-OFFICIO

MI National Guard

MI Attorney General

U.S. Secret Service

US Coast Guard

MI Dept. Comm. Health

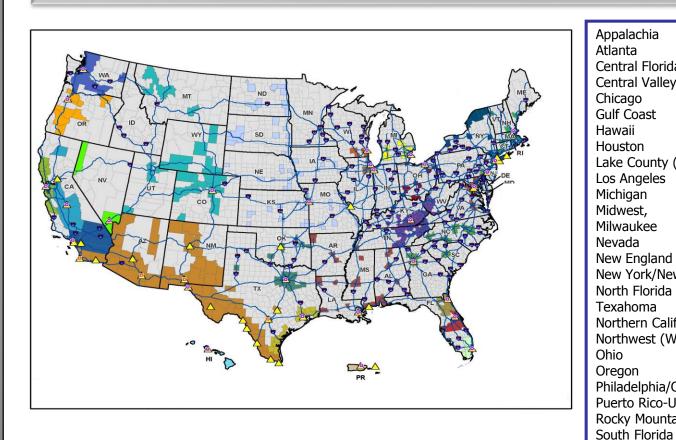
US Postal Inspector

WC Prosecutor's Office

US Customs and Border Protection

28 HIDTAs Nationwide

Coverage for 60% of Nation's Population



Appalachia Atlanta Central Florida Central Valley (CA) Chicago **Gulf Coast** Hawaii Houston Lake County (IN) Los Angeles Michigan Midwest, Milwaukee Nevada New England New York/New Jersey North Florida Texahoma Northern California Northwest (WA) Ohio Oregon Philadelphia/Camden Puerto Rico-US Virgin Isl. Rocky Mountain (CO)

Southwest Border (5) Washington-Baltimore

The Threat

Location, Border, Violence, Illicit Organizations

LOCATION:

 Chicago/Cleveland/New York/Montreal are key cities in the N. American drug trade

BORDER:

 Large Canadian border. Highways and international airports facilitate drug transport

VIOLENT CITIES:

Detroit/Flint/Saginaw in AOR; 3 of the most violent cities in US
2014 Homicides: Detroit-304, Flint-28, Saginaw-13

DTOS AND MLOS

Active investigations on over 200 DTOs and MLOs within the region

DTOs and MLOs

Drugs Trafficked

HIDTA TASK FORCES INVESTIGATED 267 DTOs IN 2014

- 112 DTOs (42%)were classified as poly-drug organizations
- 140 DTOs (52%) of the total under investigation trafficked marijuana
- 120 DTOs (45%) trafficked cocaine
- 94 DTOs (35%) trafficked heroin
- 37 DTOs (14%) trafficked crack cocaine
- 24 DTOs (9%) trafficked prescription drugs
- 16 DTOs (6%) trafficked methamphetamine

DTOs/MLOs may be included in totals more than once due to their status as poly-drug traffickers

DTOs and MLOs

Fulfilling the Mission in 2014 and beyond

IN 2014, MI HIDTA TASK FORCES DISRUPTED OR DISMANTLED 96 OF THE 104 DTOS/MLOS TARGETED – 92%

18 of which were *International*Conducts operations in more than one country

34 of which were *Multi-State*Conducts operations in multiple US states

44 of which were *Local*Operations are generally limited to a metropolitan area

Heroin

Michigan's Greatest Drug Threat?

Heroin overdoses and deaths continue to be a serious problem in the Michigan HIDTA region causing loss of life and terrible pain and suffering for many families and friends. 35% of DTOs investigated by MI HIDTA task forces traffic heroin.

In 2014, 14,686 residents (25.2% of all public drug treatment admissions) were admitted for treatment for heroin abuse, up from 13,376 in 2013.

In 2014, heroin accounted for the largest percentage of drug treatment admissions in Macomb, Monroe, Oakland, Washtenaw and Wayne counties, as well as the City of Detroit.

MDCH Records and Health Statistics Section, reports 319 heroin-related deaths in 2013, a 58% increase from 2012. In 2013, 1 in 5 drug poisoning deaths in Michigan were related to heroin.

HIDTA initiatives seized more than 45.4 kilos of heroin in 2014, with a wholesale value of over \$3.7 million.

Price per kilogram of heroin is stable at about \$83,000, with street gram prices of \$100 - \$200.

Heroin

(Continued)

- 2015 Michigan HIDTA Threat Assessment ranks heroin as the likely #1 drug threat in the state.
- The Michigan HIDTA and our law enforcement partners have been proactive in addressing this serious problem.
- Since May 20, 2015 the Michigan HIDTA in conjunction with our partners from the Michigan State Police, the DSEMIIC and MIOC the DEA and the Michigan National Guard have put in place advanced data collection and information sharing methods to identify heroin traffickers and heroin traffickers involved in selling heroin that causes an overdose death.
- <u>PROBLEM:</u> In 2014 Mexican Cartels were responsible for 42 metric tons of high grade Heroin destined for US. In 2013, 26 metric tons came from Mexico. This is an increase of 62%. Cheaper, purer Heroin will try to defeat Law Enforcement efforts.

Naloxone

(Naloxone Hydrochloride)

- In early 2014 the Michigan HIDTA and its local law enforcement partners became strong advocates for state legislation to reduce the number of opiaterelated overdose deaths in our community, and played a major role in the passing of this legislation.
- We strongly supported legislation to allow Michigan Law enforcement officers to possess and administer an "opioid antagonist: such as Naloxone hydrochloride, to a person an officer has a good faith belief is suffering from an opiate-related overdose.
- In June of 2014 the local law enforcement partners of the Michigan HIDTA Executive Board sent a letter to every member of the Michigan Legislature strongly supporting the legislation.
- Many of our local law enforcement partners have equipped their officers with naloxone and have been responsible for saving dozens of lives.

Illegal Prescription Drugs

Diversion, a Significant Threat

Diversion, via fraud, "doctor shopping", pharmacy burglaries/robberies, fake prescription call-ins to pharmacies and utilizing physicians who operate as DTOs, continue to be a threat.

9% of DTOs investigated by MI HIDTA task forces traffic illegally diverted prescription drugs.

In 2014, 7,823 residents (13.4% of all public drug treatment admissions) were admitted for treatment "other opiates", which includes prescription drugs.

Michigan continues to be a source state for diverted prescription drugs, which are distributed to Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Pennsylvania and West Virginia. Street prices for diverted prescription drugs run from \$1 to \$45 per pill in Michigan, but may sell for double or triple their value when distributed to other states. The most commonly diverted depressants are Xanax and Valium, while Ativan is the most commonly diverted stimulant.

In 2014, MAPS (Michigan Automated Prescription System) reported over 12 million prescriptions were issued for Hydrocodone, Xanax, Oxycodone, Klonopin, Ativan, Ultram and Valium.

HIDTA initiatives seized nearly \$1 million at wholesale value of prescription drugs.

Marijuana

Still King, But Not Your Father's Marijuana

Continues to be the most readily available and abused drug in Michigan. 52% of DTOs investigated by MI HIDTA task forces traffic marijuana.

Since enactment of the Michigan Medical Marihuana Act in 2008, the illegal production of high quality, locally grown marijuana has increased sharply. Abuse of the above act by cardholders, care givers and physicians continues as a major threat. In 2014, there were nearly 120,000 registered cardholders and care givers, and nearly 1,500 physicians who provided qualifying written certifications.

High-grade indoor-grown marijuana sells for as much as \$7,500/pound, while Mexican grown marijuana averages around \$2,000/pound.

HIDTA initiatives seized over 17,000 kilos of marijuana in 2014, with a wholesale value of over \$73,000,000. The volume seized represents over 80% of all drugs seized for the year.

THC levels have increased by 144%, from .2% in 1999 to 11.4% in 2011. THC levels in Medibles, BHO, Oil, Wax, etc., are 80-90% and are selling for \$10,000/pound.

Proposals to legalize recreational marijuana in Michigan could appear on the November 2016 ballot. Proposals would provide for the private licensing of cannabis growers and retailers.

Cocaine & Crack

Demand and Availability Are Down, Prices Are Up

Availability in the region is low to moderate, **demand is declining** due to LE enforcement efforts and increase in demand of heroin. Lower demand has increased prices.

45% of DTOs investigated by MI HIDTA task forces traffic cocaine, while 14% traffic crack.

Price for top end cocaine is about \$45,000/kilogram. The average price per kilo in 2013 was \$34,800, up from \$30,000 in 2012.

Substance abuse treatment admissions for cocaine have steadily declined in the last few years, a trend which is expected to continue.

HIDTA initiatives seized over 290 kilos of Cocaine in 2014, with a wholesale value over \$10 million (11% of the wholesale value of all drugs seized by HIDTA task forces in 2014). Over 6 kilos of crack was seized at a value of nearly \$200,000.

Methamphetamine

A Localized But Growing Threat

Availability is moderate but increasing throughout state although geographically not evenly disbursed. Production and consumption occur primarily in southwest Michigan.

Meth used to be produced predominantly by independent cooks, in small amounts, for personal consumption or local sale, via the one-pot method. Production capability of most labs is less than 2 ounces. In 2014, meth labs were found in 60 Michigan counties. Overall, Michigan rated as the 6th highest state in the nation with 738 meth incidents in 2014.

There is an increasing presence of Mexican meth coming into Michigan and selling for \$24,000/kilo. HIDTA initiatives seized about 11 kilos of meth in 2014, with a wholesale value of over \$250,000.

Drug treatment admissions for meth constitute only about 1.1% of total drug treatment admissions. Many substance abusers are poly-drug users however and do not indicate meth as their primary drug at time of admission.

Legislative efforts to regulate/restrict pre-cursor chemicals (ephedrine/pseudo-ephedrine) have met with mixed results.

Synthetics

Cannabinoids (K-2, Spice) and Cathinones (Bath Salts)

Readily available in some parts of Michigan with **no significant increase in use.** Incidents of sale remain low.

Often sold at convenience stores, gas stations, etc., and perceived as a "legal high".

In 2012, southeast Michigan jurisdictions issued emergency bans on some synthetics.

A small sale packet of synthetics costs about \$20-30.

Illicit Finance

Following the Money

Obtaining true figures regarding the amount of bulk currency seized is difficult, as many Michigan LE agencies DO NOT REPORT their totals. Total seizures therefore are likely grossly underreported.

- In 2014, Michigan ranked as the 21st highest state in terms of the amount of bulk currency seized, with a total of \$4.7 million.
- Most bulk cash seizures occur on I-94, and I-75 which ranks as one of the top ten smuggling highways in the US.

HIDTA ISDC

Participating Agencies

FBI, DEA, HSI/ICE, MICHIGAN NATIONAL GUARD, DETROIT POLICE, ATF, MICHIGAN STATE POLICE, IRS, DSEMIIC, HIDTA



















